



| Knowledge Building | |
|--|---------|
| Techniques | |
| Techniques are the procedures and methods by which an artist defines themselves. Most artists will specialise in one technique, and, for some, it is this that makes | s their |
| work well-known. It is by learning about and exploring these techniques that pupils become aware that art has many styles and forms, and techniques are chosen | ior |
| specific purposes. | |
| Tools | |
| It is by using different tools that artists can develop their chosen techniques. Painters require brushes and paint, photographers need cameras etc. By knowing about range of tools used to produce art, pupils will appreciate how artists can perform certain techniques. Some tools are chosen with exacting purposes in mind, but t | |
| can be mixed to create new techniques, styles and forms e.g. sand animation art. | |
| People | |
| For tools and techniques to be used, there obviously needs to be people using them. These people are known as artists and architects. By being able to recognise art produced by both people groups and individuals , pupils can then start to recognise how the cultural, geographical, historical and social backgrounds of these influences their work. | |
| Art and Design Vocabulary | |
| The language of art and design can be broken down into different categories such as: the language of form and technique , for example, stippling, etching, painting, sculpture, photography; the language of tools , e.g. brush, camera, chisel, clay, paint, pastels; the language of style or movements as in cubism, abstract, expressionism and pop art. Having an expansive art and design vocabulary is important for children so they can talk about their own work, as well as art produced skilled artists. | - |
| Architecture | |
| Architecture is an aspect of art that focuses on the design of buildings. It is included in the art curriculum so that children are aware that art and design doesn't just on painting or drawing. Architecture reflects a range of styles across different eras and developing knowledge about them will help pupils become aware of how architecture shapes landscapes, making some places easily recognisable, which links directly to human geography. | t focus |
| Cultural Understanding | |
| The production of art dates back as far as when humankind started thinking creatively. It has always been a way of displaying and interpreting the world around us Artists have come from many different backgrounds and cultures. By having an understanding of an artist's culture , we can then understand what they are trying to It is important that pupils recognise that art can be found everywhere and is deeply subjective; what they like to look at may not be the same as their peers. They know that artists come from across the globe, and many use their environment, culture or religion (or a combination of all three) to influence the art they produce. | o show. |





EXPLORERS

| Knowledge Building | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Techniques | Tools | People | Art and Design Vocabulary | Architecture | Cultural Understanding |
| Know that painting and drawing are fundamental art techniques | Know the names of basic art tools such as paintbrush, easel etc. | Know that art (design and craft) is created by skilled artists | Identify a range of colours and simple art techniques e.g. printing, painting, drawing | Name different types of buildings and some of their features e.g. roof, steeple, door | Know that art can be found in different forms everywhere |
| | | Learning F | Progression | | |
| | 3 – 4 years | | | Reception | |
| Draw with increasing complex details Use drawing to represent idea Show different emotions in th Explore colour and colour-mix | ntinuous lines, and begin to use the kity and detail, such as representing as like movement or loud noises eir drawings and painting like happi xing eir drawings - happiness, sadness, fe | a face with a circle and including ness, sadness, fear etc. | design, texture, form and fund Share their creations, explaini Explore, use and refine a variable | ng the process they have used ety of artistic effects to express their previous learning, refining ideas and | ideas and feelings |







| Knowledge | e Progression | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Explorers 1 / Nursery and Explorers 2 / Reception | | | | | |
| Come Fly With Me! Asia To use the symbol of the elephant in Indian culture to recognise that art can be found in many places To know that Wassily Kandinsky was a famous artist and be able to recreate work in his style To know what a Pharoah's mask is and design one of their own inspired by Egyptian art Key Vocabulary Wassily Kandinsky, concentric circles, abstract, colour, artefact, gold, mask, hieroglyphics Happy to Be Me To know what a self-portrait is and paint their own using a mirror as a guide To understand that art can be made with other materials To understand that small details can make a big difference to a picture To know that portraits can have more than one person and be able to use a range of media to recreate their own from photographs Key Vocabulary self-portrait, face, features, family portrait, photograph, media | No Place Like Home To know that some art can be useful and be able to say who would use it and how it would be used To understand that art can be used to suit different groups of people Key Vocabulary wallpaper, design, pattern Under the Sea To know that art can be find everywhere and use paint to recreate it To know what shades are and be able to recreate some using colour cards To know how to use the technique of marbling To use imagination to create an unusual sea creature To know that other parts of the body can be used to make art Key Vocabulary pattern, stripy, tropical, shades, collage, imagination, creative, paint | | | | |
| Additiona Help is at Hand • To use printing to explore patterns in fingerprints and be able to say what they see Tell Us a Story • To use a range of materials in decoration | I Knowledge | | | | |
| What on Earth? To know that art can be created without specific tools To know that colours can be mixed to make others | | | | | |







PATHFINDERS

| Techniques | Tools | People | Art and Design Vocabulary | Architecture | Cultural Understanding |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Know which techniques are | Know which tools are specific to | Know that different forms of | Understand simple vocabulary | Know that buildings are | Know that artists from different |
| specific to which art media e.g. | which art media e.g. drawing | creative works have been made | related to shape, space, line, | designed by skilled architects | countries used their art to |
| colour wash painting | pencils, pastels, charcoal | by people from all cultures and | tone and colour | | represent their surroundings |
| | | times | | | e.g. Monet |
| | | Skills Pro | ogression | | |
| | Art Skills Pathfinders 1 / Y1 | | | Art Skills Pathfinders 2 / Y2 | |
| Ar1 Drawing Explore the use of lin | ne, shape and colour | | Ar14 Explore ideas | | |
| Ar2 Painting Explore a variety of te | ools and techniques including the us | e of different brush sizes and | Ar15 Drawing Experiment with the | visual elements of line, shape, patt | ern and colour |
| types | | | Ar16 Drawing Work out ideas for c | | |
| Ar3 Printing Make marks in print w | vith a variety of objects, including na | tural and made objects | Ar17 Painting Experiment with a va | ariety of tools and techniques, inclu | ding mixing a range of secondary |
| Ar4 Textiles / Collage Investigate | using a wide variety of media, includ | ling cards, fabric, plastic, tissue, | colours, shades and tones | | |
| magazines, crepe paper etc. | | | Ar18 Printing Investigate and design patterns of increasing complexity and repetition | | |
| Ar5 3D-Form Explore sculpture wi | Ar5 3D-Form Explore sculpture with a range of malleable materials | | Ar19 Textile/Collage Explore texture using a variety of media | | |
| S 1 | Ar6 Recognise pattern in the environment | | • | onstruct and join recycled, natural ar | nd man-made materials more |
| Ar7 Respond to ideas | | confidently | | | |
| Ar8 Make changes to their own work | | | fferences in their own and other's w | | |
| | s, including pencils, crayons, pastels, | felt tips, charcoal, ballpoints, | _ | d period of time using real objects, i | ncluding single and grouped |
| chalk and other dry media | | | objects | | |
| Ar10 Painting Use different brush | | | | of artists, craft makers and designe | |
| Ar11 Printing Build a repeating pa | | | | tices and disciplines, and making lin | |
| | y of techniques e.g. weaving, fabric | | Ar24 Drawing Layer different media e.g. crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal and ballpoint | | |
| Ar13 3D-Form Manipulate clay in | a variety of ways e.g. rolling, kneadi | ng and shaping | Ar25 Painting Work on a range of scales e.g. large brush on large paper etc. | | |
| | | | Ar26 Printing Use a variety of techniques e.g. fabric printing, rubbings. Design patterns of increasing | | |
| | | | complexity and repetition | | |
| | | | Ar27 Printing Print using a variety of materials, objects and techniques | | |
| | | | | of techniques e.g. tie-dying, wax or | |
| | | | Ar29 3D-Form Manipulate clay for | a variety of purposes e.g. thumb po | ots, simple coil pots and models |





| Knowledge Progression | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Pathfinders 1 / Year 1 | Pathfinders 2 / Year 2 | | | |
| Come Fly With Me! Arctic Circle Pupils will be introduced to the technique of collage. They will explore a range of materials and fabrics, deciding on their suitability linked to purpose. They will also be introduced, in simple terms, to the fact that art is subjective, and it can have deep cultural links. They will use stones and pebbles to recreate an Inukshuk and use their collage background to display it. 3D Form / Collage Skills Development | Zero to Hero In this unit, pupils will be introduced to the work of artist, Christy Brown, who was paralysed due to cerebral palsy and used his left foot to paint. Pupils will see that they do not always have to use their hands to create works of art and the importance of creative thinking when overcoming challenges. Pupils will use tools in ways that can seem challenging to explore a different way of painting. Painting Concepts | | | |
| To be able to explore a range of materials in order to add texture to a collage Concepts NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To be able to explore a range of materials in order to add texture to a collage To know that Inukshuks are 3D stone figures To understand that Inukshuks were traditionally used by the Inuits as directional markers To know that Inukshuks have been transformed into symbols of hope and friendship, used by people all over the world | NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work To know that Christy Brown was a famous artist who could only use his left foot to draw and paint with To develop empathy, by understanding some of the challenges that Christy Brown must have faced | | | |
| Happily Ever After Pupils will be shown how to use clay to produce a useful object. They will use the techniques of rolling, moulding and smoothing to create a lidded clay pot and be encouraged to use this specific vocabulary. 3D Form Skills Development To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid Concepts NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid | Inter-Nation Media Station Pupils will find out about the photographic work of Theresa Elvin. In this, they will see that art can be produced in many different ways, including photography, and how photos can be edited. Vocabulary, such as 'monochrome', 'black and white' and 'colour pop' will be introduced. Pupils will use simple editing software to add splashes of colour to black and white photographs they have taken themselves. Photography / Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space To recognise and understand the difference between colour and black and white images To know that splashes of colour on a monochrome background are called 'colour pops' | | | |





| Knowledge | Knowledge Progression | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pathfinders 1 / Year 1 | Pathfinders 2 / Year 2 | | | | |
| Unity in the Community | Land Ahoy! | | | | |
| Cr | Pupils will be introduced to the terms 'primary' and 'secondary' when mixing colours. They will begin to understand that the choice of brush is important when painting and know how to hold a brush | | | | |
| home of Lanzarote to inspire his artwork. Pupils will learn that art can be found anywhere, not just in | to understand that the choice of brush is important when painting and know now to hold a brush | | | | |
| a gallery, and Manrique's wind toys dotted around the island are a form of moving sculpture. Pupils will | correctly to ensure full control. Pupils will also develop the technique of colour mixing by adding | | | | |
| explore alternatives for making their own sculptures, for example plastic bottles and paper plates, and link | white to colours to produce tints. They will be introduced to French artist, Claude Monet, and they will focus | | | | |
| some design technology skills by evaluating their work once complete. | on his seascapes, producing their own pictures using colour mixing techniques. | | | | |
| 3D Form | Painting | | | | |
| Concepts | Skills Development | | | | |
| NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products | To develop colour mixing skills through mixing primary colours | | | | |
| NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the | To develop colour mixing by adding white | | | | |
| differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines and making links to them | Concepts | | | | |
| own work | NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the | | | | |
| To know about the influence that César Manrique had on the Lanzarote island community | differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their | | | | |
| To know that César Manrique's wind toys are examples of moving sculptures | own work | | | | |
| | NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and | | | | |
| | imagination | | | | |
| | To develop colour mixing skills through mixing primary colours | | | | |
| | To learn about various techniques used for creating an image / canvas using different media | | | | |
| | To learn about the French artist, Claude Monet, and some of his paintings | | | | |
| Going Wild | Light Up the World | | | | |
| C Pupils will revisit the concept of pattern and printing in this unit. They will be introduced to new | The focus in this unit is the concept of working with a range of drawing mediums. Pupils will be familiar with pencils, pens and possibly chalks, but may not have come across charcoal or pastels. | | | | |
| vocabulary with terms such as 'ink', 'roller' and 'printing plate'. Pupils will explore the techniques and | aminar with periods, period and possibly charks, but may not have come across charcoar of pasters. | | | | |
| tools associated with simple printing to produce repeating patterns. They will also investigate where these | They will revisit observing light and dark shades within one core colour and work on recreating the | | | | |
| techniques are used elsewhere, such as in wallpaper and wrapping paper. | own light and dark drawings using a wide range of tools. They will be introduced to the technique of cross- | | | | |
| Printing | hatching to produce a range of shading. | | | | |
| Skills Development | Drawing | | | | |
| To make a printing plate and print a repeating pattern | Skills Development | | | | |
| Concepts | • To know how to create light and dark effects by exploring the use of different drawing implements | | | | |
| NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, | Concepts | | | | |
| shape, form and space | NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, | | | | |
| To make a printing plate and print a repeating pattern | shape, form and space | | | | |
| To identify different animal prints | • To know how to create light and dark effects by exploring the use of different drawing implements | | | | |
| To learn some simple printing techniques | To learn about colour sequences and be able to order colours, from lightest to the darkest | | | | |
| | • To understand that depending on how much pressure is applied, different media e.g. coloured pencils | | | | |
| | can produce different tones and shades | | | | |





| | Key Vocabulary | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Pathfinders 1 / Year 1 | Pathfinders 2 / Year 2 | | | |
| | Come Fly With Me! Arctic Circle | Zero to Hero | | | |
| Inukshuk figure | materials | Christy Brown overcome | | | |
| Inuksuit | collage | feet painting artist | | | |
| Inuit | diorama | painting | | | |
| marker | properties | challenge | | | |
| pebble | texture | shade | | | |
| stone | 3D | tone | | | |
| | Happily Ever After | Inter-Nation Media Station | | | |
| clay | roll | photograph | | | |
| slip | edge | black and white | | | |
| mould | marking tools | colour photograph | | | |
| cut | thumb pot | colour pop | | | |
| clay board | lid | Theresa Elvin | | | |
| pinch | smooth | stimulus | | | |







| | Key Vocabulary | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--|
| | Pathfinders 1 / Year 1 | | P | athfinders 2 / Year 2 | |
| | Land Ahoy! | | Un | nity In the Community | |
| colour mixing | Claude Monet | César Manrique | artist | visual | |
| primary colour | Ivan Aivazovsky | Lanzarote | construct | shaping | |
| secondary colour | marine art | moving sculpture | folding | | |
| paintbrush | seascape | spin | join | | |
| palette | | mobile | kneading | | |
| tint | | design | rolling | | |







ADVENTURERS

| | | Knowledg | ge Building | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Techniques | Tools | People | Art and Design Vocabulary | Architecture | Cultural Understanding |
| Know how different techniques | Know how using different art | Know some of the key ideas, | Understand key vocabulary | Know the names of some | Understand that art is an |
| are used to created effects e.g. | tools can create different effects | techniques and practices of a | relating to a range of different | famous architects and give | identifying feature of different |
| relief printing | e.g. use of various brush sizes | variety of artists (art and craft) | art techniques | examples of their work | cultures and religions |
| | | | ogression | | |
| | Art Skills Adventurers 1 / Y3 | | | Art Skills Adventurers 2 / Y4 | |
| e 1 | fferent grades of pencil and other imp | | Ar49 Drawing Explore relationship | | |
| | ferent effects and textures e.g. block | ing in colour, colour washes, | make informed choices in drawing | | |
| thickened paint etc. | | | Ar50 Painting Show increasing inde | | painting process, demonstrating a |
| | shape, creating designs for printing | | willingness to experiment and take | | |
| | with a range of media e.g. overlapp | | Ar51 Printing Research, create and | | |
| s 1 5 | search, plan, design and make mode | s | Ar52 Printing Explore resist paintin | | ١ |
| Ar35 Find out about artists, archite | | | Ar53 Textiles/Collage Experiment | | |
| Ar36 Drawing Use their sketchboc | ok to observe, collect and record visu | al information from different | Ar54 Find out about artists, architects and designers | | |
| sources | | | Ar55 <i>Drawing</i> Use research to inspire drawings from memory and imagination Ar56 <i>Drawing</i> Alter and refine drawings and describe changes, based on close observation, using | | |
| _ | s the processes used to produce a sir | | 5 | vings and describe changes, based | on close observation, using |
| Ar38 Drawing Use different media to achieve variations in line, texture, tone, colour, shape and pattern | | appropriate vocabulary | | | |
| 0 | Ar39 Drawing Draw independently for sustained period | | Ar57 Textiles/Collage Match the co | | |
| Ar40 Plan, refine and alter their we | - | | Ar58 Modelling and Sculpting Thro | - | own and others' work, |
| | n a range of scales e.g. thin brush on | | understanding that it has been scu | | |
| | ours and know which primary colours | | Ar59 Drawing Make informed choi | | |
| | f materials, objects and techniques in | | Ar60 Drawing Collect images and | | tchbook |
| | ty of techniques e.g. quilting, weaving | g, embroidery, applique and | Ar61 Painting Make and match col | | |
| develop skills in stitching, cutting | | | Ar62 Painting Use more specific co | | |
| | Ar45 Modelling and Sculpting Work with a degree of independence | | Ar63 Painting Plan and create diffe | | |
| Ar46 Modelling and Sculpting Construct a simple clay base for extending and modelling other shapes | | Ar64 Printing Select broadly the kin | | | |
| Ar47 Modelling and Sculpting Ma | | 1.1 | Ar65 Textiles/Collage Choose colla | - | |
| Ar48 Design and create images ar | nd artefacts in response to their perso | onal ideas | Ar66 Modelling and Sculpting Sho | | |
| | | | Ar67 Modelling and Sculpting Plan | | |
| | | | Ar68 Modelling and Sculpting Talk | about their work, understanding th | hat it has been sculpted, modelled |
| | | | or constructed | d artafa eta far algarlu dafir - durum | |
| L | | | Ar69 Design and create images an | a arteracts for clearly defined purp | 0585 |





| Knowledge Progression | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | | | |
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 "That's All, Folks!" As pupils should now be able to correctly hold and control a paintbrush, they will be introduced to a wider range of brushes and explore using them in different tasks. Pupils will develop their painting technique by using the brushes to produce different effects, including those of stippling and pointillism. Pupils will also be introduced to Jack Kirby, a famous comic artist. They should recognise some of his work and use him as an inspiration to produce their own. Painting Skills Development • To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers • To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks 0 To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks 0 To inprove their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers • To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks • To identify that Jack Kirby is famous for his comic book style • To learn that Jack Kirby was the creator of Captain America and many more Marvel characters | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 A World of Difference In this unit, the pupils will see clearly that art can have deep cultural and religious connections. The cyclical design and pattern of mandalas encourage meditation and focus in the Buddhist faith. Pupils also explore the importance of geometric pattern in Islamic art, using a range of tools to create colour and vibrancy. Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials • To know that the mandala is a symbolic representation of the universe in Tibetan Buddhism • To learn that Mandalas are used as spiritual teaching tool that helps strengthen meditation and increase focus • To understand some of the features from Islamic art | | | |
| To know that various methods can be used to create comic art Come Fly With Mel Africa Pupils will develop their sculpting skills through the use of another medium, papier maché. Taking inspiration from Julie Taymor's 'Lion King' masks, pupils will follow instructions to produce their own. 3D Form Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To learn how to make an animal mask To know that Julie Taymor is famous for making all the 'Lion King' show masks / puppets | Cry Freedom Pupils will learn about graffiti and how it is viewed in society. Looking specifically at the use of this art medium in political activism, they are introduced to Banksy, a renowned graffiti artist. They will use their sketchbooks to create images that portray slave labour which they then add a slogar to. They then create stencils which they experiment with spray or stipple painting. Mixed Media Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials • To learn about the role of graffiti as an artform and a political tool in society (as well as a discouraged form of vandalism) • To learn about Banksy and how he uses graffiti to speak out on issues such as greed, poverty and slave labour | | | |





| Knowledge Progression | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | | | |
| Athens v Sparta In this unit, pupils will refine their clay moulding technique with the introduction of 'slip'. Slip will be used to join coils of clay together, in order for the pupils to make simple clay pots with lids. Pupils will also find out about the cultural importance of Greek pottery in conveying stories and messages and use original designs to inspire their own. 3D Form Skills Development • To know how to make a coil pot Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials • To know how to make a coil pot • To know how to make a coil pot | Law and Order Pupils will know that lines are a key aspect of drawing and, in this unit, further explore how using a variety of line drawing techniques can be effective and eye-catching. Pupils will be encouraged to talk in more depth and with wider artistic vocabulary about their own art and that of others. Pupils will use line to draw buildings, noting some architectural features before deepening their understanding of effective drawing techniques through the 'rule of thirds' in drawing landscapes. Drawing Skills Development To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know that use the rule of thirds when creating landscapes, but that it can also be used for | | | |
| Picture Our Planet Pupils will be introduced to the work of Romero Britto, a Brazilian artist who is well-known for his bright and vibrant collage-like artwork. Pupils will use his work to inspire their own colourful textile collage piece. Pupils will need to identify fabrics that would be the most suitable for their design by discussing their features. They will be introduced to the technique of layering to produce interesting art pieces. Textiles / Collage Skills Development To know how to cut, layer and join materials Concepts NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers To know how to cut, layer and join materials To learn about Romero Britto and discuss the key features of his work e.g. bright colours, abstract form, bold lines | subject matter, still life, figures and portraits Under the Canopy Pupils will use drawing techniques developed over the course of this phase and earlier to create observational drawings using pastels as their tool. Pupils will notice that pastels can be hard to work with so will need to adapt their technique as appropriate. As well as drawing, pupils will explore the art of tattooing as an artform, recognising that it has a long cultural history in central America and is used as a sign of courage. Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to use oil pastels in drawing To know that body art, in the form of tattooing, was being used in the 16th century in Mexico and Central America To identify different methods of body and face painting | | | |





| Knowledge Progression | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | | |
| | Lightning Speed | | |
| | Pupils will revisit the printing techniques developed in Pathfinders and will go on to develop | | |
| | them by exploring the use of line to produce effective printing patterns. Pupils will also be | | |
| | reminded of vocabulary previously introduced to them. | | |
| | Pupils will discuss the uses of printing by looking at the work of Gutenberg. They will improve their | | |
| | printing skills by producing book covers and using marbling techniques to make end papers. | | |
| | Printing | | |
| | Skills Development | | |
| | To know about a range of lines and marks that create different effects when printing | | |
| | Concepts | | |
| | NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials | | |
| | To know about a range of lines and marks that create different effects when printing | | |
| | • To learn a range of printing techniques that were used from both Ancient and Modern times e.g. 'wood block' | | |







| Key Vocabulary | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | | |
| Come Fly With Me! Africa | | A World of Difference | | |
| Julie Taymor | puppet | mandala | nature | shape |
| mask | | Buddhism | pattern | tone |
| Lion King | | circle | draw | texture |
| papier maché | | geometric | reflect | |
| 3D | | calligraphy | image | |
| design | | artefact | line | |
| model | | | | |
| | "That's All, Folks!" | | Lightni | ing Speed |
| brush technique | character design | printing | Gutenberg | |
| brush stroke | applied technique | Lino press | stamp | |
| sketchbook | comic art | ink | printing press | |
| stippling | layer | roller | relief print | |
| pointillism | | crosshatch | marbling | |
| Jack Kirby | | non-porous | book covers | |







| Key Vocabulary | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | | |
| Athens v Sparta | Law and Order | | |
| coil pot | landscapes | | |
| slip | line | | |
| clay | photography | | |
| cross-hatching | portrait | | |
| clay guide | rule of thirds | | |
| pottery | still life | | |
| | Van Gogh | | |
| Picture Our Planet | Under the Canopy | | |
| abstract form | dye | | |
| fray | observational | | |
| layering | drawing | | |
| line | oil painting | | |
| Romero Britto | oil pastel | | |
| | tattooing | | |







| Key Vocabulary | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Adventurers 1 / Year 3 | Adventurers 2 / Year 4 | |
| | Cry Freedom | |
| | graffiti | |
| | spray paint | |
| | stipple | |
| | stencil | |
| | acetate | |
| | vandalism | |
| | political activist | |
| | | |







NAVIGATORS

| Knowledge Building | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Techniques | Tools | People | Art and Design Vocabulary | Architecture | Cultural Understanding |
| Know which art techniques to | Know which art tools to choose | Know about the influence of | Know and use a wide range of | Know how architecture shapes | Know what art reflects and |
| choose for specific purposes | specific purposes and how to | different historical cultural and | art and design vocabulary in | communities and landscapes | influences culture and vice versa |
| | use them safely | social contexts on artists | critiques | | |
| | | Skills Pro | ogression | | |
| | Art Skills Navigators 1 / Y5 | | | Art Skills Navigators 2 / Y6 | |
| Ar71 Drawing Explore the potentic colour and shape Ar72 Painting Work on preliminary information to generate imaginati Ar73 Drawing Work in a sustained Ar74 Printing Become familiar with printing Ar75 Compare and comment on it beginning to relate these to intern Ar76 Drawing Use a sketchbook to Ar77 Painting Demonstrate a secu complementary and contrasting of Ar78 Painting Create imaginative Ar79 Printing Choose the printing Ar80 Printing Build up layers and a A81 Printing Organise their work it Ar82 Textiles/Collage Use a range Ar84 3D-Form Use recycled, natur Ar86 Design and create images and | variety of source materials for their v al properties of the visual elements of y studies to test media and materials ve ideas and independent way from observa h new techniques e.g. the use of pol deas, methods and approaches used tion, in order to adapt and improve of o develop ideas ure knowledge about primary and ser olours work from a variety of sources method appropriate to task colours/textures in terms of pattern, repetition, symm in different ways, including stitching | of line, tone, pattern, texture, . Investigate, explore and record tion, experience and imagination y-blocks, relief, mom and resist d in their own and others' work, butcomes condary, warm and cold, etry or random printing styles e sculpture y work ideas and for clearly defined | space, colour and shape Ar88 Painting Carry out preliminar Ar89 Painting Work from a variety Ar90 Modelling and Sculpting Exp Ar91 Investigate, explore and reco qualities Ar92 Drawing Identify artists who H Ar93 Analyse and comment on ide Ar94 Drawing Demonstrate a wide Ar95 Drawing Develop ideas using Ar96 Painting Choose appropriate Ar97 Painting Create shades and t some researched independently Ar98 Painting Show an awareness Ar99 Printing Describe varied tech Ar100 Printing Show confidence in Ar101 Textiles/Collage Show an av Ar102 Textiles/Collage Use differe pieces of work | y studies, test media and materials of sources, including some research of sources, including some research olore further the use for clay e.g. slab ord information about famous artists have worked in a similar way to their eas and methods a variety of ways to make different m g different or mixed media, using a s paint, paper and implements to ad ints using black and white. Work fro of how paintings are created nique | and mix appropriate colours ned independently os, coils, slips, etc. showing appreciation of aesthetic r own work narks with dry and wet media sketchbook apt and extend their work om a variety of sources, including s of materials when designing and making |





| Knowledge Progression | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Navigators 1 / Year 5 Navigators 2 / Year 6 | | | | |
| Thing denoting the colspan="2">Thing denoting the colspan="2" Come Fly With Mel America The denoting the colspan="2">The colspan="2" of the colspa="2" of the colspan="2" of the colspan="2" | | | | |
| A World of Bright Ideas irly confident with the technique of printing using rollers and their own pupils will develop their technique further by exploring using two iore complex design. thiques, pupils will look at branding and how brand logos can be ys a role in our culture. <i>ro</i> -colour relief print with a stencil <i>ro</i> -colour relief print with a stencil | | | | |
| f art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials • To learn about primary and sc | | | | |





| Knowledge | e Progression |
|---|--|
| Navigators 1 / Year 5 | Navigators 2 / Year 6 |
| You're Not Invited Pupils will secure their skills in working with clay in this unit. In Adventurers, pupils used to slip to join two or more pieces of clay together. Now, they will use cross-hatching to ensure more secure joins and use clay guides to ensure that a piece of clay is flat and level. Pupils will then study some of the designs on Roman mosaics to inspire their own decoration noting some of the significant features of Roman design. 3D Form Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to make a slab pot To know that Roman mosaics were common forms of decoration during the reign of the Roman Empire | Wars of the World In Adventurers, pupils explored techniques of joining fabrics together to create textile collage Now in Navigators, pupils will develop their technique further by using needle and thread to stitch fabric together. Not only is this an art technique, but a useful life skill. Pupils will use stitching techniques to produce a poppy collage, whilst learning about the cultural significance of the poppy after World War I and into present day. Collage Skills Development To know about exploring fabrics by stitching Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know about exploring fabrics by stitching |
| To learn about the significance of Roman mosaic art and their designs Full of Beans | To learn about the significance of the poppy during World War I as a representation of sacrifice made by the soldiers To learn about the 5000 poppies project, which involved hand-knitted poppies that were donated from around the world and displayed at Federation Square, Melbourne to represent the fallen soldiers |
| Pupils will have had the opportunity to draw with various tools and refine their technique in Adventurers. They will now explore reasons why people draw and be introduced to the vocabulary of 'observation', 'experience' and 'imagination'. They will use viewfinders as a tool to aid observational drawing and be encouraged to use the range of techniques they have learnt in the past. Pupils will also explore how a picture can be created with only one colour by mixing a variety of shades to create areas of light and dark. Drawing Skills Development • To explore different drawing stimuli Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture | Choosing one of five stimuli images provided, pupils will sketch shapes and add colour to create a Moroccan painting similar to the style of Winston Churchill. Painting Concept To know that as well as a politician, Winston Churchill was an accomplished painter |
| NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that different drawing implements to create light and dark effects | |





To investigate the colour green and understand links e.g. green can symbolise love, associated with Venus

To know how to create different shades and tones of green

| Key Vocabulary | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Navigators 1 / Year 5 | Navigators 2 / Year 6 | | | |
| Come Fly With Me! America | "I Have a Dream" | | | |
| abstract art surface | manipulate | | | |
| acrylic paint texture | paper clip | | | |
| Jackson Pollock watercolour paint | sculptures | | | |
| mask | Pietro D'Angelo | | | |
| poster paint | wire | | | |
| powder paint | | | | |
| A World of Bright Ideas | Mission Control | | | |
| brand image | cold colours hue tint | | | |
| indentation | colour wheel primary colours tone | | | |
| logo | complementary secondary colours warm colours | | | |
| printing plate | colours shade | | | |
| printing tile | contrasting colours texture | | | |
| processes | | | | |
| stencil | | | | |







| Key Vocabulary | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Navigators 1 / Year 5 | Navigators 2 / Year 6 | | | |
| You're Not Invited | Wars of the World | | | |
| mosaic art | fabrics | | | |
| slab pot | thread | | | |
| clay guides | stitching | | | |
| cross-hatching | installation | | | |
| rollers | | | | |
| wire cutter | | | | |
| Full of Beans | British Bulldog | | | |
| hue | landscape colour mixing | | | |
| shade | vibrancy | | | |
| tone | sketch | | | |







End Goals Explorers / EYFS

Our aim in teaching art in Explorers is to give pupils a grounding in some basic techniques and use of tools, whilst encouraging them to be as imaginative and creative as possible. Pupils should know what a paint brush, easel and palette are by the end of this phase and some pupils may be starting to use these tools with increasing dexterity. Pupils should be able to name some primary and secondary colours and select the most suitable ones for their artwork. Pupils should be able to spot patterns and incorporate some they have seen within their own work. It is important that pupils have been made aware that art can be found in various forms everywhere. Pupils should be able to talk about what they see in simple terms and express whether they like or dislike artwork, knowing that there is no right or wrong answer and that we can all have different preferences. Explorers, like the following phases, will have been introduced to well-known artists, have had the opportunity to study their work and use this as inspiration for their own.

Pathfinders / KS1

Our aim in teaching art in Pathfinders is to encourage the pupils to become more aware of the techniques and tools they are using and recognise that art can be created in many different ways and from a range of materials. In this phase, pupils will have embedded their skills in how to use certain tools, such as holding a paintbrush correctly and picking appropriate colours. They should have developed their drawing skills further by working with lighter and darker shades, producing them, either through increased pressure when using a pencil, or by mixing colours together. They will have also begun to cultivate their techniques in using clay for sculpting, and using tools such as rollers, ink and printing plates in printing. Vocabulary such as 'primary' and 'secondary' colours, 'tints' and 'shade' should be understood by pupils. In Pathfinders, pupils should know that some artists create art with things other than their hands, such as the work of Christy Brown, and that disability does not prevent people from becoming artists. They should also know that artists can use their environment to inspire their work, for example César Manrique uses the windy landscape of Lanzarote and Monet was inspired by the sea. Through Manrique's art, pupils should have more awareness that art can be made from lots of different things, not just paper, pencils and paint.

Adventurers / LKS2

Our aim in teaching art in Adventurers is to deepen their awareness of art as an identifying feature of different cultures and religions, as well as building on techniques and use of tools from Pathfinders. In this phase, pupils should be able to choose from a range of paintbrushes and understand how varying brush sizes can make an impact on what a painting looks like. They should also be able to vary the lines they use when drawing buildings, portraits and landscapes to give their work greater impact. As well as using lines more effectively, pupils should have been introduced to the concept that artists, specifically painters and illustrators, can follow rules to guide their work, for example, the 'rule of thirds' for landscapes. The techniques used in sculpting with clay will have been improved by using 'slip' to make sculptures stronger and using papier mache as another tool for sculpting 3D forms.

In this phase, art as an identifying feature of culture and religion appear regularly. Pupils will be aware of the use of mandalas in Buddhism and geometric patterns that appear in Islamic art. In contrast, they should understand the significance of tattooing as an art form in Central America and Mexico during the Mayan period and how the comic book artwork of Jack Kirby and his Marvel characters has had a cultural impact. In Lightning Speed, pupils will have looked at the work of Gutenberg and how printing is not only an artform but has many practical uses.

Navigators / UKS2

Our aim in teaching art in Navigators is to challenge pupils in their selection of tools and techniques so that their own works makes more of an impact, and in their understanding of how art can reflect culture and historical events. Throughout this phase, pupils should be able to draw upon the skills and techniques they have used to produce work that is effective and personalised. Pupils will expand their knowledge of colour through, not only mixing, but manipulating contrasting and complementary colours within their work. They will have created sculptures using more complex techniques with clay, such as slab work, and will have needed to delve deeper into their imaginations to create sculptures using small, everyday materials i.e. paper clips.

Pupils should be able to evaluate and critique art, not only produced by professional artists, but by themselves and their peers, giving intelligent and supportive feedback using a wide range of art and design vocabulary. Pupils should recognise when research is required when creating art of a certain style and be aware of the reasons why art is important, making links with historical and cultural events. By the end of





his phase, pupils should be able to produce art using a wide range of techniques, select tools for specific purposes and have a developed sense of imagination, whilst being able to link work to a range of historical, social and cultural contexts.

